

T-Coupler MQ15 male / 2x MQ15 female

T-coupler

MQ15 X-Power

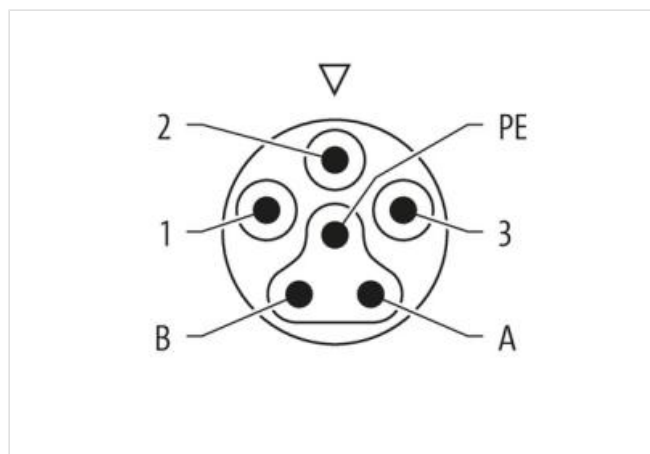
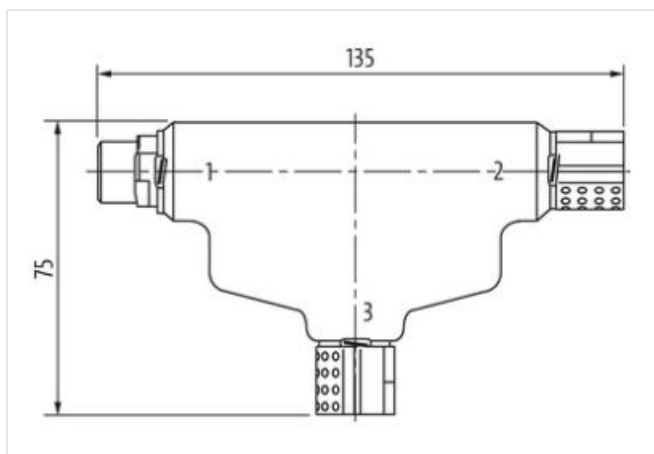
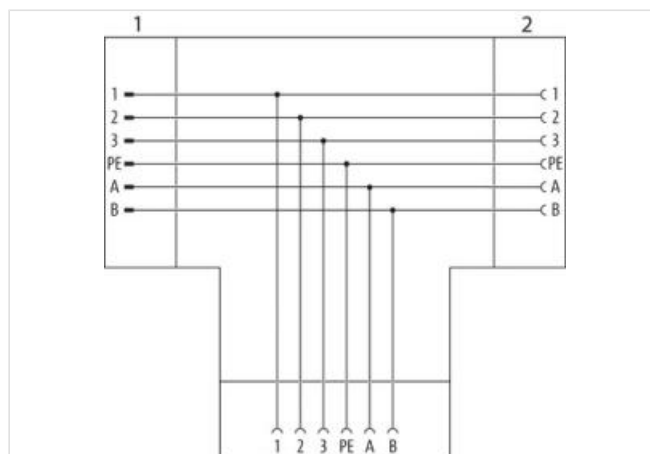
Female straight – female/male straight

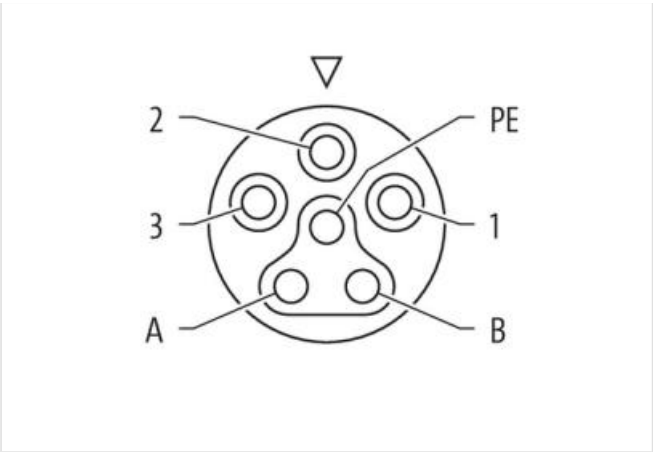
Plastic housings with good resistance against chemicals and oils.

The resistance to aggressive media should be individually tested for your application. Further details on request.

[Link do produto](#)

Ilustração





Produto pode diferir da imagem



Side 1	
Family construction form	MQ15
No. of poles	6
Side 2	
Family construction form	MQ15
No. of poles	6
Side 3	
Family construction form	MQ15
No. of poles	6
Dados comerciais	
ECLASS-6.0	27279220
ECLASS-6.1	27279221
ECLASS-7.0	27440104
ECLASS-8.0	27440104
ECLASS-9.0	27440106
ECLASS-10.1	27440106
ECLASS-11.1	27440106
ECLASS-12.0	27440106
ETIM-5.0	EC002061
Classificação fiscal	85366990
GTIN	4048879798020
Quantidade por embalagem	1
Electrical data Supply	
Operating voltage AC per power contact max.	600 V
Operating voltage AC per signal contact max.	63 V
Operating voltage DC per signal contact max.	63 V
Operating current per power contact max.	16 A
Operating current per signal contact max.	10 A
Installation	
Connection cross section max.	2,5 mm²
Device protection Electrical	

As informações contidas nesta folha de dados foram elaboradas com o máximo cuidado.
A falta de integridade, exatidão e atualização das informações é considerada negligência grave. versão: 17/05/2024

Degree of protection (EN IEC 60529)	IP67
Additional condition protection degree	inserted, screwed
Pollution Degree	3
Rated surge voltage	2,5 kV

Mechanical data | Material data

Material gasket	NBR
Material housing	Plastic
Locking material	PA

Environmental characteristics | Climatic

Operating temperature min.	-40 °C
Operating temperature max.	90 °C

Important installation notes

Note on strain relief	Protect the connectors by suitable measures from mechanical loads, e.g. by the usage of cable ties.
Note on bending radius	Attention: Observe the permissible bending radii when laying cables, as the IP protection class can be endangered by excessive bending forces.